

2 Corinthians Chapter 1 Study Guide

Transition from 1 Corinthians to 2 Corinthians

At the end of 1 Corinthians, Paul encouraged the church to remain strong, loving, and steadfast while also addressing several corrections related to division, spiritual gifts, and order in the church. Between 1 Corinthians and 2 Corinthians, Paul experienced tension with the Corinthian believers, including opposition to his authority and misunderstandings about his travel plans. In 2 Corinthians, Paul writes to defend his ministry, express deep care for the church, and explain that suffering is part of the Christian life. In Chapter 1, Paul emphasizes God's comfort in trials, explains why his plans changed, and reminds them that God's promises are trustworthy.

2 Corinthians Chapter 1 (NIV)

1. Paul begins by calling God the Father of _____ and the God of all comfort.
2. God comforts us in all our _____ so that we can comfort others.
3. Paul says they were under great pressure in the province of _____.
4. Paul explains that they felt the sentence of _____ within themselves.
5. Paul says this happened so they would not rely on themselves but on _____.
6. God delivered them from such a deadly _____.

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7. Paul says the Corinthians helped by their _____.
8. Paul's conscience was clear because he conducted himself in _____ and sincerity.
9. Paul explains that Jesus Christ is not "Yes and _____," but always "Yes."
10. God has put his _____ in our hearts as a deposit.



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Multiple Choice Questions

1. Who is described as the "God of all comfort"?
 - A. Moses
 - B. Jesus
 - C. God the Father
 - D. Paul
2. Why does God comfort believers?
 - A. So they won't suffer
 - B. So they can comfort others
 - C. So they become leaders
 - D. So they gain wisdom
3. Where did Paul experience severe hardship?
 - A. Corinth
 - B. Rome
 - C. Asia
 - D. Galatia
4. What did Paul say they felt in their hearts?
 - A. Joy
 - B. Fear
 - C. Sentence of death
 - D. Victory

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5. What was the purpose of their suffering?
 - A. To punish them
 - B. To strengthen their reputation
 - C. To rely on God
 - D. To test their knowledge
6. Who helps through prayer according to Paul?
 - A. Only leaders
 - B. The Corinthians
 - C. The apostles
 - D. The Jews
7. Paul says he behaved with what?
 - A. Wisdom of the world
 - B. Integrity and godly sincerity
 - C. Strength and power
 - D. Authority and command
8. How many promises of God are "Yes" in Christ?
 - A. Some
 - B. Most
 - C. Few
 - D. All
9. What has God sealed believers with?
 - A. Power
 - B. Oil
 - C. Spirit
 - D. Word

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10. What did Paul say he did not want to do?
- A. Return to them in joy
 - B. Lord it over their faith
 - C. Teach them
 - D. Pray for them

Memory Scriptures (NIV)

2 Corinthians 1:3–4

"Praise be to the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, the Father of compassion and the God of all comfort, who comforts us in all our troubles..."

2 Corinthians 1:9

"Indeed, we felt we had received the sentence of death. But this happened that we might not rely on ourselves but on God, who raises the dead."

2 Corinthians 1:20

"For no matter how many promises God has made, they are 'Yes' in Christ. And so through him the 'Amen' is spoken by us to the

2 Corinthians Chapter 2 Study Guide

Multiple Choice (1–5)

1. Paul decided not to make another visit that would be:
 - A. A joyful visit
 - B. A painful visit
 - C. A short visit
 - D. A surprise visit
2. Paul wrote to them out of great:
 - A. Confidence and pride
 - B. Affliction, anguish of heart, and many tears
 - C. Excitement and celebration
 - D. Fear of persecution
3. The punishment inflicted by the majority was directed toward:
 - A. Paul
 - B. The offender
 - C. Timothy
 - D. Titus
4. Paul instructed the church instead to:
 - A. Continue punishment
 - B. Publicly shame him
 - C. Forgive and comfort him
 - D. Remove him permanently
5. Paul says believers are to God the aroma of:
 - A. Moses
 - B. Christ
 - C. The Law
 - D. Judgment

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True or False (6–10)

6. Paul wrote so that the Corinthians would be grieved.
True / False
7. Paul had great distress and wrote with many tears.
True / False
8. Paul told the church not to forgive the offender.
True / False
9. Paul warns that Satan should not outwit them.
True / False
10. Paul found no opportunities to serve in Troas.
True / False

Fill in the Blank (11–18)

11. Paul decided not to make another visit that would cause _____.
12. Paul wrote out of many tears, _____, and anguish of heart.
13. The church was instructed to _____ and comfort the offender.
14. Paul urged them to reaffirm their _____ for him.
15. Paul forgave the offender in the presence of _____.
16. Paul says they are not unaware of Satan's _____.
17. Paul went to _____ to preach the gospel of Christ.
18. God always leads us in _____ procession in Christ.

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Open-Ended (19–20)

19. Why did Paul urge the church to forgive and comfort the offender?
20. What does Paul mean by believers being the “aroma of Christ”?

Memory Scriptures (NIV)

2 Corinthians 1:3–4

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2 Corinthians Chapter 3 (NIV) Study Guide

The Glory of the New Covenant

1. According to 2 Corinthians 3, where does Paul say our competence comes from?
 - A) Our own training and education
 - B) God
 - C) The apostles
 - D) The written law

2. Paul says he is a minister of a new covenant. What does he say the letter does, versus the Spirit?
 - A) The letter saves; the Spirit condemns
 - B) The letter kills; the Spirit gives life
 - C) The letter guides; the Spirit convicts
 - D) The letter teaches; the Spirit empowers

3. Paul refers to the old covenant as being 'engraved in letters on stone.' What does he call it?
 - A) The ministry of wisdom
 - B) The ministry of grace
 - C) The ministry of condemnation
 - D) The ministry of the prophets

4. To which was transitory came with glory, how much greater is what which?
 - A) Is written
 - B) Is lasting
 - C) Is spoken
 - D) Is holy

5. What did Moses put over his face after speaking to the Israelites.
 - A) A cloth
 - B) His hands
 - C) A veil
 - D) A robe

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6. Paul says the minds of the Israelites were 'made dull.' When does he say that veil is removed?

- A) When they pray
- B) When they read the Torah
- C) When they turn to Christ
- D) When they fast

7. What does verse 17 say about the Spirit of the Lord?

- A) Where the Spirit of the Lord is, there is conviction
- B) Where the Spirit of the Lord is, there is freedom
- C) Where the Spirit of the Lord is, there is power
- D) Where the Spirit of the Lord is, there is knowledge

8. Paul says believers are being transformed into Christ's image from glory to glory by whom?

- A) The apostles
- B) Their own discipline
- C) The Lord, who is the Spirit
- D) The reading of Scripture

9. "Not that we are _____ to claim anything for ourselves, but our _____ comes from God."

10. "He has made us competent as ministers of a new _____ — not of the letter but of the Spirit."

11. Paul says the ministry of the Spirit came with even greater _____ than the ministry that brought condemnation.

12. "Now the Lord is the Spirit, and where the Spirit of the Lord is, there is _____."

13. Paul describes believers as being transformed into Christ's image with ever-_____ glory.

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14. According to verse 3, the Corinthians are described as a letter written not with ink but with the _____ of the living God, not on tablets of stone but on tablets of _____ hearts. (NIV)

15. "And we all, who with _____ faces contemplate the Lord's glory, are being transformed into his image.

16. Paul says the old covenant had a glory that was _____, but the new covenant has a glory that _____.

17. In verse 14, Paul says to this day the same _____ remains when the old covenant is read, and it has not been removed.

18. Paul says Moses put a veil over his face to prevent the Israelites from seeing the _____ of what was passing away.

Short Answer Questions

19. In your own words, explain what Paul means when he says the letter kills but the Spirit gives life (v. 6). How does this contrast reflect the difference between the old and new covenants?

20. According to 2 Corinthians 3:18, what does transformation in Christ look like, and what is the role of the Holy Spirit in that process? How does this connect to living out the Christian life practically?

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Memory Scriptures (NIV)

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2 Corinthians 1:20

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2 Corinthians 4 (NIV) Study Guide

Treasures in Jars of Clay — Perseverance Through Suffering

1. According to 2 Corinthians 4:1, why does Paul say he does not lose heart?
 - A) Because of his own strength and determination
 - B) Because he has received this ministry through God's mercy
 - C) Because the Corinthians encourage him
 - D) Because he has not yet faced real suffering

2. In verse 2, Paul says he has renounced secret and shameful ways. What does he say he does NOT do?
 - A) Preach publicly
 - B) Use deception or distort the word of God
 - C) Speak boldly before rulers
 - D) Rely on the Holy Spirit

3. In verse 4, who does Paul say has blinded the minds of unbelievers?
 - A) False teachers
 - B) The old covenant
 - C) The god of this age
 - D) Their own sinful nature

4. According to verse 5, what does Paul say he and his co-workers preach?
 - A) Themselves as wise teachers
 - B) Jesus Christ as Lord, and themselves as servants
 - C) The law of Moses as the foundation
 - D) Their personal testimonies

5. In verse 7, Paul says the treasure of the gospel is held in 'jars of clay.' What does he say this shows?
 - A) That we must strengthen ourselves through discipline
 - B) That the all-surpassing power belongs to God, not to us
 - C) That the gospel is fragile and must be protected
 - D) That human weakness disqualifies us from ministry

6. In verses 8-9, Paul lists four contrasting experiences. Which of the following is NOT one of them?
 - A) Hard pressed but not crushed
 - B) Persecuted but not abandoned
 - C) Tempted but not destroyed

2 Corinthians 4 (NIV) Study Guide

D) Struck down but not destroyed

7. According to verse 14, what is the basis for Paul's confidence about resurrection?

- A) The testimony of other apostles
- B) His own visions and revelations
- C) The knowledge that God raised Jesus and will also raise us
- D) The evidence seen in nature

8. In verse 17, how does Paul describe his present sufferings?

- A) Heavy and unbearable
- B) Light and momentary, achieving an eternal glory
- C) Unnecessary for those with strong faith
- D) A punishment from God for past sin

9. "Therefore, since through God's _____ we have this ministry, we do not lose _____." (2 Corinthians 4:1, NIV)

10. "For we do not preach _____, but Jesus Christ as Lord, and ourselves as your _____ for Jesus' sake." (2 Corinthians 4:5, NIV)

11. "For God, who said, 'Let light shine out of darkness,' made his light shine in our _____ to give us the light of the knowledge of God's glory displayed in the face of _____." (2 Corinthians 4:6, NIV)

12. "But we have this treasure in jars of _____ to show that this all-surpassing power is from _____ and not from us." (2 Corinthians 4:7, NIV)

13. "We are hard pressed on every side, but not _____; perplexed, but not in _____." (2 Corinthians 4:8, NIV)

14. "We always carry around in our body the _____ of Jesus, so that the life of Jesus may also be revealed in our _____." (2 Corinthians 4:10, NIV)

15. "It is written: 'I believed; therefore I have _____.' Since we have that same spirit of faith, we also _____ and therefore speak." (2 Corinthians 4:13, NIV)

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16. "Therefore we do not lose heart. Though outwardly we are wasting away, yet inwardly we are being _____ day by day." (2 Corinthians 4:16, NIV)

17. "For our light and momentary troubles are achieving for us an eternal _____ that far outweighs them all." (2 Corinthians 4:17, NIV)

18. "So we fix our eyes not on what is _____, but on what is _____; for what is seen is temporary, but what is unseen is eternal." (2 Corinthians 4:18, NIV)

19. In verse 7, Paul uses the image of 'jars of clay' to describe believers who carry the treasure of the gospel. What does this image teach us about the relationship between human weakness and God's power? How does this reframe the way we think about our own limitations in serving God?

20. In verses 16-18, Paul contrasts what is 'seen' and 'temporary' with what is 'unseen' and 'eternal.' How does fixing our eyes on eternal realities change the way we experience present suffering, disappointment, or hardship? Give a practical example of what this looks like in everyday life.

"So we fix our eyes not on what is seen, but on what is unseen, since what is seen is temporary, but what is unseen is eternal."

— 2 Corinthians 4:18, NIV

2 Corinthians Chapter 5 Study Guide

1. In 2 Corinthians 5:1, Paul describes the earthly body as a 'tent.' What does he say we have waiting for us if this tent is destroyed?

- A) Another earthly life to live again
- B) An eternal house in heaven, not built by human hands
- C) Rest and peace until the final judgment
- D) A spirit form with no physical body

2. According to verse 4, why does Paul say he groans while in this earthly tent?

- A) Because he is suffering persecution
- B) Because he wants to be unclothed of all physical existence
- C) Because he wants to be further clothed so that mortality may be swallowed up by life
- D) Because he fears death and judgment

3. In verse 5, what does Paul say God has given as a deposit, guaranteeing what is to come?

- A) The Scriptures
- B) The apostles
- C) The Spirit
- D) The promise of the law

4. According to verses 6-7, what does Paul say we live by in this present life rather than by sight?

- A) Hope
- B) Knowledge
- C) Faith
- D) Wisdom

2 Corinthians Chapter 5 Study Guide

5. In verse 9, what does Paul say his goal is — whether at home in the body or away from it?
- A) To please himself and find rest
 - B) To please God
 - C) To finish building the church
 - D) To preach to every nation
6. According to verse 10, before whom must all believers appear?
- A) The apostles and elders
 - B) The angels
 - C) The judgment seat of Christ
 - D) The throne of Moses
7. In verse 14, what does Paul say compels him?
- A) The fear of judgment
 - B) The love of Christ
 - C) The approval of the church
 - D) The desire for reward
8. According to verse 17, what happens to anyone who is in Christ?
- A) They are made wiser than before
 - B) They receive a new spiritual gift
 - C) They are a new creation — the old has gone, the new has come
 - D) They are guaranteed freedom from suffering
9. "For we know that if the earthly tent we live in is destroyed, we have a building from God, an eternal house in _____, not built by human hands." (2 Corinthians 5:1, NIV)
10. "For in this tent we groan, longing to be clothed instead with our _____ dwelling." (2 Corinthians 5:2, NIV)
11. "Now the one who has fashioned us for this very purpose is _____, who has given us the _____ as a deposit, guaranteeing what is to come." (2 Corinthians 5:5, NIV)

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12. "For we live by _____, not by _____.\" (2 Corinthians 5:7, NIV)

13. "For we must all appear before the _____ seat of Christ, so that each of us may receive what is due us for the things done while in the body, whether good or bad.\" (2 Corinthians 5:10, NIV)

14. "For Christ's _____ compels us, because we are convinced that one died for all, and therefore all died.\" (2 Corinthians 5:14, NIV)

15. "So from now on we regard no one from a _____ point of view.\" (2 Corinthians 5:16, NIV)

16. "Therefore, if anyone is in Christ, the new _____ has come: The old has gone, the _____ is here!\" (2 Corinthians 5:17, NIV)

17. "All this is from God, who reconciled us to himself through Christ and gave us the ministry of _____.\" (2 Corinthians 5:18, NIV)

18. "God made him who had no _____ to be _____ for us, so that in him we might become the righteousness of God.\" (2 Corinthians 5:21, NIV)

19. Paul says in verse 17 that anyone in Christ is a new creation — the old has gone and the new has come. What does this mean practically for a believer's daily life? How does the reality of being a new creation change how we see ourselves, our past, and our future?

20. In verses 18-20, Paul says God has given believers the 'ministry of reconciliation' and that we are 'Christ's ambassadors.' What does it mean to be an ambassador for Christ, and how should this shape the way we engage with people around us who do not yet know God?

2 Corinthians Chapter 6 Study Guide

1. In 2 Corinthians 6:1, Paul urges the Corinthians not to receive God's grace in vain. As what does he describe himself and his co-workers?

- A) Servants of the law
- B) God's co-workers
- C) Ambassadors of the church
- D) Ministers of judgment

2. In verse 2, Paul quotes from Isaiah saying 'now is the time of God's favor.' What does he say 'now' is?

- A) The time of preparation
- B) The day of rest
- C) The day of salvation
- D) The season of judgment

3. According to verse 3, what does Paul say he and his team put in no one's path so that the ministry will not be discredited?

- A) Stumbling block
- B) False teaching
- C) Unnecessary burden
- D) Personal opinions

4. In verses 4-5, Paul lists hardships he has endured as a servant of God. Which of the following is NOT listed?

- A) Imprisonments
- B) Sleepless nights
- C) Shipwrecks
- D) Riots

5. In verses 6-7, Paul lists the qualities by which he commends himself as a minister. Which of the following IS one of them?

- A) Eloquent preaching
- B) Purity, understanding, and sincere love
- C) Financial generosity
- D) Signs and wonders

2 Corinthians Chapter 6 Study Guide

6. In verses 8-10, Paul describes a series of apparent contradictions in ministry life. Which pairing below accurately reflects verse 10?

- A) Known yet regarded as unknown
- B) Sorrowful yet always rejoicing; poor yet making many rich
- C) Dying yet behold we live; punished yet not killed
- D) Genuine yet regarded as imposters

7. In verse 14, what does Paul warn believers not to be?

- A) Unforgiving toward sinners
- B) Yoked together with unbelievers
- C) Influenced by false apostles
- D) Proud of their spiritual gifts

8. According to verse 16, what does Paul say believers are?

- A) Pilgrims passing through
- B) Warriors of the faith
- C) The temple of the living God
- D) Stewards of the covenant

9. "As God's co-workers we urge you not to receive God's _____ in vain." (2 Corinthians 6:1, NIV)

10. "For he says, 'In the time of my favor I heard you, and in the day of _____ I helped you.' I tell you, now is the time of God's favor, now is the day of _____." (2 Corinthians 6:2, NIV)

11. "Rather, as servants of God we commend ourselves in every way: in great _____, in troubles, hardships and distresses." (2 Corinthians 6:4, NIV)

12. "...in purity, understanding, patience and kindness; in the Holy Spirit and in _____ love." (2 Corinthians 6:6, NIV)

13. "...through glory and _____; bad report and good report; genuine, yet regarded as _____." (2 Corinthians 6:8, NIV)

2 Corinthians Chapter 6 Study Guide

14. "We have spoken freely to you, Corinthians, and opened wide our _____. We are not withholding our affection from you, but you are withholding yours from _____." (2 Corinthians 6:11-12, NIV)
15. "Do not be yoked together with _____, for what do righteousness and _____ have in common?" (2 Corinthians 6:14, NIV)
16. "What harmony is there between _____ and Belial? Or what does a believer have in common with an _____?" (2 Corinthians 6:15, NIV)
17. "For we are the temple of the _____ God. As God has said: 'I will live with them and walk among them, and I will be their God, and they will be my _____.'" (2 Corinthians 6:16, NIV)
18. "Therefore, 'Come out from them and be _____,' says the Lord. 'Touch no unclean thing, and I will receive you. And I will be a _____ to you, and you will be my sons and daughters.'" (2 Corinthians 6:17-18, NIV)
19. In verses 4-10 Paul describes the marks of authentic ministry through a long list of hardships and paradoxes — sorrowful yet rejoicing, poor yet making many rich, having nothing yet possessing everything. What does this teach us about what genuine ministry and faithful Christian living actually look like? How does this challenge the way we often measure success in ministry or in our own walk with God?
20. In verses 14-18 Paul calls believers to separate themselves from ungodly alliances, using the image of an unequal yoke. What is the principle Paul is establishing here, and how does it apply practically to the relationships, partnerships, and environments believers engage with today? Where is the line between being separate and still being salt and light in the world?

2 Corinthians Chapter 7 Study Guide

1. What does Paul say believers should purify themselves from, in light of God's promises?

- A) Laziness and complacency
- B) Everything that contaminates body and spirit
- C) False teaching and idol worship only
- D) The influence of ungodly leaders

2. Paul makes three claims about his conduct toward the Corinthians. Which of the following is NOT one of them?

- A) We have wronged no one
- B) We have corrupted no one
- C) We have judged no one
- D) We have exploited no one

3. Paul expresses great confidence and pride in the Corinthians. What does he say he is filled with in all his troubles?

- A) Patience and wisdom
- B) Prayer and fasting
- C) Joy
- D) Gratitude toward God alone

4. When Paul arrived in Macedonia he had no rest and faced conflicts. Who did God use to comfort him?

- A) The apostle Peter
- B) An angel of the Lord
- C) Titus
- D) The church elders of Philippi

5. Paul acknowledges he caused the Corinthians sorrow with his letter. What was his initial feeling about sending it?

- A) He was confident it was the right decision from the start
- B) He did not regret it at all
- C) He regretted it at first but no longer does
- D) He wished he had sent it sooner

2 Corinthians Chapter 7 Study Guide

6. What does godly sorrow produce that worldly sorrow does not?
- A) Humility and patience
 - B) Repentance that leads to salvation and leaves no regret
 - C) A desire to make restitution
 - D) Greater understanding of Scripture
7. Paul lists the fruits of godly sorrow in the Corinthians. Which of the following IS one of them?
- A) Greater financial generosity
 - B) Eagerness to see Paul in person
 - C) Earnestness, eagerness to clear themselves, indignation, alarm, longing, concern, and readiness to see justice done
 - D) Increased attendance at worship gatherings
8. What did Titus report that greatly encouraged Paul?
- A) That the Corinthians had increased their giving to the Jerusalem church
 - B) That the Corinthians had welcomed and refreshed Titus, and that their obedience and readiness to receive him gave Titus great joy
 - C) That false teachers had been removed from the congregation
 - D) That the Corinthians had reconciled with the church in Ephesus
9. "Therefore, since we have these promises, dear friends, let us purify ourselves from everything that _____ body and spirit, perfecting _____ out of reverence for God."
10. "Make room for us in your hearts. We have wronged no one, we have _____ no one, we have exploited no one."
11. "I have spoken to you with great _____ of speech; I take great pride in you. I am greatly _____; in all our troubles my joy knows no bounds."
12. "But God, who _____ the downcast, comforted us by the coming of _____."
13. "Even if I caused you sorrow by my letter, I do not regret it. Though I did regret it — I see that my letter hurt you, but only for a little while — yet now I am happy, not because you were made sorry, but because your sorrow led you to _____."

2 Corinthians Chapter 7 Study Guide

14. "Godly sorrow brings _____ that leads to salvation and leaves no regret, but worldly sorrow brings _____."

15. "See what this godly sorrow has produced in you: what _____, what eagerness to clear yourselves, what indignation, what _____, what longing, what concern, what readiness to see justice done."

16. "At every point you have proved yourselves to be _____ in this matter."

17. "By all this we are _____, and in addition to our own encouragement, we were especially delighted to see how happy _____ was, because his spirit has been refreshed by all of you."

18. "I am glad I can have complete _____ in you."

19. In verse 10 Paul draws a sharp distinction between godly sorrow and worldly sorrow. What is the difference between the two, and why does one lead to life while the other leads to death? Give an example of what each type of sorrow might look like in a person's life today.

20. Paul opens chapter 7 with a call to purify ourselves from everything that contaminates body and spirit, perfecting holiness out of reverence for God. What does it mean practically to pursue holiness out of reverence for God rather than out of fear of punishment or desire for religious approval? How does this motivation change the way a believer approaches personal holiness in daily life?

2 Corinthians Chapter 8 Study Guide (NIV)

The Grace of Giving"

SECTION 1 — MULTIPLE CHOICE (Questions 1–7)

1. What does Paul call the giving of the Macedonian churches in 2 Corinthians 8:1?
 - A. A sacrifice
 - B. The grace of God
 - C. A collection
 - D. An offering
2. According to verse 2, the Macedonian churches gave out of what condition?
 - A. Their great wealth
 - B. Their abundance of resources
 - C. Their extreme poverty
 - D. Their desire for recognition
3. In verse 5, Paul says the Macedonians first gave themselves to whom?
 - A. To Paul and his team
 - B. To the poor in Jerusalem
 - C. To the Lord, and then to the apostles
 - D. To the church in Corinth
4. Who did Paul urge to complete the act of giving among the Corinthians (v.6)?
 - A. Timothy
 - B. Barnabas
 - C. Silas
 - D. Titus
5. Paul mentions that the Corinthians excelled in many things. Which of these is NOT listed in verse 7?
 - A. Faith
 - B. Knowledge
 - C. Prayer
 - D. Earnestness
6. According to verse 9, Jesus Christ became poor so that through His poverty the Corinthians might become what?
 - A. Humble
 - B. Rich
 - C. Grateful
 - D. Generous

2 Corinthians Chapter 8 Study Guide (NIV)

7. What principle does Paul state in verses 13–14 regarding equality?
- A. That those with more should give everything away
 - B. That the burden should fall on the wealthy alone
 - C. That there should be equality — abundance supplies need and need may one day be supplied by others
 - D. That each church should only care for its own members

SECTION 2 — FILL IN THE BLANK (Questions 8–12)

8. "And they exceeded our expectations: They gave themselves first of all to the _____ and then by the will of God also to us." (v.5)
- _____
9. "For you know the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, that though he was _____, yet for your sake he became _____, so that you through his poverty might become rich." (v.9)
- (1st blank)
- (2nd blank)
- _____
10. "But since you excel in everything — in faith, in speech, in knowledge, in complete earnestness and in the love we have kindled in you — see that you also excel in this _____ of giving." (v.7)
- _____
11. Paul quotes Exodus 16:18 in verse 15: "The one who gathered much did not have _____, and the one who gathered little did not have _____." (v.8)
- (1st blank)
- (2nd blank)
- _____
12. "I am not commanding you, but I want to test the _____ of your love by comparing it with the earnestness of others." (v.8)

2 Corinthians Chapter 8 Study Guide (NIV)

SECTION 3 — TRUE OR FALSE (Questions 13–16)

13. The Macedonian churches had to be begged by Paul before they agreed to give to the collection for Jerusalem.

TRUE / FALSE

14. Paul says in verse 10 that the Corinthians had begun this project the previous year.

TRUE / FALSE

15. Paul tells the Corinthians that the size of the gift matters more than the willingness to give.

TRUE / FALSE

16. Titus was described as someone who had the same earnest concern for the Corinthians as Paul did.

TRUE / FALSE

SECTION 4 — SHORT ANSWER (Questions 17–20)

17. Describe the attitude and circumstances of the Macedonian churches when they gave. What made their giving remarkable according to Paul? (vv.1–5)

18. What does Paul mean in verse 12 when he says, "The gift is acceptable according to what one has, not according to what one does not have"? Explain in your own words.

19. Who are the "brothers" Paul sends along with Titus (vv.16–24), and why does Paul say he is sending more than one person with the collection?

20. How does Paul use the example of Jesus Christ in verse 9 as a motivation for giving? What theological point is he making?

2 Corinthians Chapters 1-8 Review

Chapter 1 – Comfort in Affliction

Key verses: 1:3–7, 1:8–11, 1:20–22

- 1 Paul says God comforts us so we can comfort others (1:3–4). How have you experienced this in your own life?
- 2 Why do you think God sometimes allows believers to experience suffering instead of immediately removing it? (1:8–9)
- 3 What does it mean that all God's promises are "Yes" in Christ? (1:20)
- 4 How can difficult seasons deepen our dependence on God rather than ourselves?

Connection to Paul's message:

God's comfort is never meant to stop with us—it equips us to minister to others.

Chapter 2 – Forgiveness and Victory

Key verses: 2:5–11, 2:14–17

- 1 Why was forgiveness so important after church discipline? (2:6–8)
- 2 How can unforgiveness become an opportunity for Satan? (2:10–11)
- 3 What does it mean to be "the aroma of Christ"? (2:14–16)
- 4 How does your daily life reflect Christ to people around you?

Connection to Paul's message:

Healthy relationships and genuine forgiveness are essential for effective Christian witness.

Chapter 3 – Ministers of the New Covenant

Key verses: 3:3, 3:6, 3:17–18

- 1 Paul says believers are "letters from Christ." What message is your life communicating?
- 2 What is the difference between living by rules and living by the Spirit? (3:6)
- 3 How does spending time with Christ transform us? (3:18)
- 4 What spiritual changes have you seen in yourself over the years?

Connection to Paul's message:

Transformation comes from the Holy Spirit, not merely external obedience.

2 Corinthians Chapters 1-8 Review

Chapter 4 – Treasure in Jars of Clay

Key verses: 4:7–12, 4:16–18

- 1 Why would God place His treasure in "jars of clay"? (4:7)
- 2 How can weakness actually display God's power?
- 3 What helps you focus on eternal realities rather than temporary struggles? (4:16–18)
- 4 How does Paul's perspective challenge today's culture?

Connection to Paul's message:

God's power shines brightest through human weakness.

Chapter 5 – Ministry of Reconciliation

Key verses: 5:7, 5:14–21

- 1 What does it mean to "walk by faith, not by sight"? (5:7)
- 2 How does becoming a "new creation" affect everyday life? (5:17)
- 3 What does it mean to be Christ's ambassador? (5:20)
- 4 How can we help others be reconciled to God?

Connection to Paul's message:

Every believer has been entrusted with sharing God's message of reconciliation.

Chapter 6 – Living as God's Servants

Key verses: 6:1–10, 6:14–18

- 1 Paul describes many hardships in ministry (6:4–10). Which qualities stand out most to you?
- 2 What does it mean not to receive God's grace in vain? (6:1)
- 3 How should Christians understand being "unequally yoked"? (6:14)
- 4 How can believers remain engaged with the world without compromising their faith?

Connection to Paul's message:

God's servants are called to holiness while faithfully enduring hardship.

Chapter 7 – Godly Sorrow

Key verses: 7:8–11, 7:13–16

- 1 What is the difference between worldly sorrow and godly sorrow? (7:10)
- 2 Why is repentance more than simply feeling guilty?
- 3 Can you recall a time when God used conviction to bring growth?
- 4 How does genuine repentance restore relationships?

Connection to Paul's message:

Godly repentance produces lasting spiritual transformation.

2 Corinthians Chapters 1-8 Review

Chapter 8 – The Grace of Generosity

Key verses: 8:1–9, 8:13–15, 8:24

- 1 What surprises you about the generosity of the Macedonian churches? (8:1–5)
- 2 Why does Paul call generosity an act of grace?
- 3 How does Jesus' example motivate our giving? (8:9)
- 4 Besides money, what other resources can we give generously?
- 5 What does cheerful, willing generosity reveal about our hearts?

Connection to Paul's message:

Grace received naturally becomes grace shared through generous living.



2 Corinthians Chapter 9 (NIV) Quiz

"The Cheerful Giver"

SECTION 1 — MULTIPLE CHOICE (Questions 1–7)

1. In verse 2, which region does Paul say was stirred to action by the eagerness of the Corinthians?
 - A. Judea
 - B. Macedonia
 - C. Asia
 - D. Galatia

2. Why does Paul say he is sending the brothers ahead to Corinth before he arrives? (vv.3–5)
 - A. To collect the money before Paul gets there
 - B. To make sure the gift is ready and not given grudgingly under pressure
 - C. To preach to the Corinthians before Paul arrives
 - D. To verify that the Corinthians are still faithful

3. What farming principle does Paul use in verse 6 to teach about giving?
 - A. A farmer who works hard deserves the first share of the crops
 - B. Whoever sows sparingly will reap sparingly; whoever sows generously will reap generously
 - C. A farmer must wait patiently for the harvest to come
 - D. The soil determines the size of the harvest

4. According to verse 7, how should each person decide what to give?
 - A. Based on what the church needs
 - B. Based on a percentage of income
 - C. Based on what they have decided in their own heart
 - D. Based on what Paul recommends

5. What kind of giver does God love according to verse 7?
 - A. A faithful giver
 - B. A generous giver
 - C. A cheerful giver
 - D. A consistent giver

2 Corinthians Chapter 9 (NIV) Quiz

6. In verse 9, Paul quotes the Old Testament saying "They have freely scattered their gifts to the poor; their righteousness endures _____"

- A. Through the ages
- B. Forever
- C. Before the Lord
- D. Among the nations

7. According to verse 10, what two things does God supply to the sower?

- A. Rain and sunshine
- B. Wisdom and strength
- C. Seed to sow and bread for food
- D. Harvest and abundance

SECTION 2 — FILL IN THE BLANK (Questions 8–12)

8. "Remember this: Whoever sows _____ will also reap sparingly, and whoever sows _____ will also reap generously." (v.6)

(1st blank)

(2nd blank)

9. "Each of you should give what you have decided in your heart to give, not _____ or under _____, for God loves a cheerful giver." (v.7)

(1st blank)

(2nd blank)

10. "And God is able to bless you _____, so that in all things at all times, having all that you need, you will abound in every good work." (v.8)

11. "You will be enriched in every way so that you can be _____ on every occasion, and through us your generosity will result in _____ to God." (v.11)

(1st blank)

(2nd blank)

12. Paul closes chapter 9 in verse 15 with: "Thanks be to God for his _____ gift!"

2 Corinthians Chapter 9 (NIV) Quiz

SECTION 3 — TRUE OR FALSE (Questions 13–16)

13. Paul says in verse 1 that it is necessary for him to write to the Corinthians about the ministry to the Lord's people.

Circle One: TRUE FALSE

14. Paul boasted to the Macedonians that Achaia had been ready to give since last year. (v.2)

Circle One: TRUE FALSE

15. In verse 8, Paul says God is able to bless the Corinthians so that they will have only enough for themselves with nothing left over to give.

Circle One: TRUE FALSE

16. According to verses 13–14, those who receive the Corinthians' generous gift will praise God and pray for the Corinthians because of the surpassing grace God has given them.

Circle One: TRUE FALSE

SECTION 4 — SHORT ANSWER (Questions 17–20)

Answer each question in 2–4 complete sentences using the chapter.

17. Explain the sowing and reaping principle Paul teaches in verse 6. How does this farming image apply to financial giving in the life of a believer?

18. What does verse 7 teach about the attitude God requires in giving? Why do you think God specifies that giving must NOT be reluctant or under compulsion?

19. In verses 12–13, Paul describes a chain reaction that results from generous giving. Trace that chain reaction from the act of giving all the way to its final result. What does this teach us about the purpose of Christian generosity?

20. Paul ends the entire two-chapter teaching on giving with the exclamation "Thanks be to God for his indescribable gift!" (v.15). Why do you think he ends with this statement? What connection is he making between the gift of Jesus and the act of giving?

Bible Study Worksheet

2 Corinthians 10

The Defense of Paul's Ministry and Spiritual Authority

Name: _____ Date: _____

Section 1: Observation & Interpretation

Instructions: Read 2 Corinthians Chapter 10 and answer the questions below.

1. By what two attributes of Christ does Paul appeal to the Corinthians in verse 1?

Answer: The _____ and _____ of Christ.

2. What was the specific criticism against Paul's demeanor mentioned in verse 1?

Answer: That he was _____ when face-to-face, but _____ when away.

3. In verse 2, what does Paul 'beg' that he will not have to show when he arrives?

Answer: The same _____ / _____ he uses against those who think he walks 'according to the flesh.'

4. According to verse 3, Paul walks 'in the flesh,' but what does he not do 'according to the flesh'?

Answer: He does not _____ according to the flesh.

5. How are the weapons of our warfare described in verse 4?

Answer: They are not _____, but mighty in God for pulling down _____.

6. What two things does Paul say are being cast down in verse 5?

Answer: _____ and every _____ thing that exalts itself against the knowledge of God.

7. What is the ultimate goal of taking every thought captive (v. 5)?

Answer: To bring them into _____ to Christ.

8. According to verse 8, for what specific purpose did the Lord give Paul his authority?

Answer: For _____ (building up) and not for your _____.

9. What was the common saying among Paul's critics regarding his physical presence and speech (v. 10)?

Answer: That his bodily presence was _____ and his speech was _____.

10. What warning does Paul give to his critics in verse 11?

Answer: That what he is in _____ by letters when absent, he will also be in _____ when present.

11. In verse 12, why does Paul say those who 'measure themselves by themselves' are not wise?

Answer: Because they lack an objective standard; they are only comparing themselves to _____.

12. Paul says he will not boast 'beyond measure.' What area (sphere) does he limit his boasting to (v. 13)?

Answer: The limits of the _____ which God appointed to him.

13. According to verse 17, if someone is going to boast, in whom should they boast?

Answer: They should glory (boast) in the _____.

14. How is a person truly approved according to the final verse (v. 18)?

Answer: Not by commending themselves, but by being commended by _____.

Memory Verse

2 Corinthians 10:5 (NKJV)

"Casting down arguments and every high thing that exalts itself against the knowledge of God, bringing every thought into captivity to the obedience of Christ."

2 Corinthians 11 Study Guide (NIV)

Fill in the Blank • True/False • Multiple Choice

Name: _____ Date: _____

Read 2 Corinthians 11 (NIV) and answer the questions in the order they appear in the chapter.

1. Fill in the Blank (vv. 1–2)

Paul said he was jealous for the Corinthians with a _____ jealousy.

2. Multiple Choice (v. 2)

Paul desired to present the Corinthians to Christ as:

- A. Faithful servants
- B. A pure virgin
- C. A royal priesthood
- D. A chosen generation

3. True or False (v. 3)

_____ Paul feared that the Corinthians' minds might somehow be led astray from their sincere and pure devotion to Christ.

4. Fill in the Blank (v. 3)

Paul compared the deception of the Corinthians to how the _____ deceived Eve by his cunning.

5. Multiple Choice (v. 4)

Paul warned the Corinthians not to accept another:

- A. Jesus
- B. Spirit
- C. Gospel
- D. All of the above

6. True or False (vv. 5–6)

_____ Paul admitted he was not a trained speaker, but he said he did have knowledge.

7. Fill in the Blank (v. 7)

Paul preached the gospel of God to the Corinthians free of _____.

8. Multiple Choice (vv. 8–9)

Who helped support Paul while he ministered in Corinth?

- A. The Corinthians
- B. The church in Jerusalem
- C. Other churches
- D. The Roman government

9. True or False (vv. 12–13)

_____ Paul said false apostles are deceitful workers masquerading as apostles of Christ.

10. Fill in the Blank (v. 14)

Satan himself masquerades as an angel of _____.

11. Multiple Choice (v. 15)

Paul said the end of false servants would be:

- A. According to their popularity
- B. According to what their actions deserve

- C. Rewarded equally with believers
- D. Hidden from God

12. True or False (vv. 16–18)

_____ Paul reluctantly spoke as though he were boasting because others were doing so.

13. Fill in the Blank (vv. 23–24)

Paul said he received from the Jews the forty lashes minus one _____ times.

14. Multiple Choice (v. 25)

How many times was Paul beaten with rods?

- A. Once
- B. Twice
- C. Three times
- D. Four times

15. True or False (v. 25)

_____ Paul was shipwrecked three times.

16. Fill in the Blank (vv. 26–27)

Paul said he had often gone without _____.

17. Multiple Choice (v. 28)

Besides all of his hardships, what did Paul say he faced every day?

- A. Financial burdens
- B. Concern for all the churches
- C. Opposition from Rome
- D. Physical sickness

18. True or False (v. 29)

_____ Paul said that when others were weak, he did not feel weak with them.

19. Fill in the Blank (v. 30)

Paul said if he must boast, he would boast of the things that show his _____.

20. Multiple Choice (vv. 32–33)

How did Paul escape from Damascus?

- A. Through a secret tunnel
- B. By disguising himself
- C. By being lowered in a basket through a window in the wall
- D. By leaving with a Roman guard

Takeaway Verse

2 Corinthians 11:30 (NIV)

"If I must boast, I will boast of the things that show my weakness."

Key Takeaway: True strength is found in depending on Christ, not in promoting ourselves. God is glorified through humble dependence and faithful endurance.

2 Corinthians 12 Study Guide (NIV)

Tuesday Night Discipleship Bible Study

Theme: God's Power Is Perfected Through Our Weakness

Name: _____ **Date:** _____

Read 2 Corinthians 12 (NIV) and answer the questions in the order they appear in the chapter.

1. Fill in the Blank (vv.1–2)

Paul said he knew a man in Christ who was caught up to the _____ heaven.

2. Multiple Choice (vv.2–4)

What did Paul hear while in paradise?

- A. The voice of Moses
- B. Inexpressible things
- C. Angels singing only
- D. A new commandment

3. True or False (v.5)

_____ Paul chose to boast about his weaknesses rather than himself.

4. Fill in the Blank (v.7)

To keep Paul from becoming conceited, he was given a _____ in his flesh.

5. Multiple Choice (v.7)

The thorn was described as:

- A. A blessing
- B. A messenger of Satan
- C. A reward
- D. A vision

6. True or False (v.8)

_____ Paul pleaded with the Lord three times to take the thorn away.

2 Corinthians 12 Study Guide (NIV)

7. Fill in the Blank (v.9)

"My grace is _____ for you."

8. Multiple Choice (v.9)

God's power is made perfect in:

- A. Success
- B. Weakness
- C. Wealth
- D. Knowledge

9. True or False (v.10)

_____ Paul delighted in weaknesses, insults, hardships, persecutions, and difficulties for Christ.

10. Fill in the Blank (v.10)

"For when I am _____, then I am strong."

11. Multiple Choice (vv.11–12)

The signs of a true apostle included:

- A. Great wealth
- B. Signs, wonders and miracles
- C. Political influence
- D. Formal education

12. True or False (v.13)

_____ Paul said the only way the Corinthians were treated differently was that he did not burden them financially.

13. Fill in the Blank (v.14)

Paul said he was ready to visit the Corinthians for the _____ time.

14. Multiple Choice (v.15)

Paul said he would gladly spend himself for their:

- A. Reputation
- B. Souls
- C. Wealth
- D. Comfort

15. True or False (vv.16–18)

_____ Paul or Titus took advantage of the Corinthians.

16. Fill in the Blank (v.19)

Everything Paul did was for their _____.

2 Corinthians 12 Study Guide (NIV)

17. Multiple Choice (vv.20–21)

Which of these was NOT listed among Paul's concerns?

- A. Quarreling
- B. Jealousy
- C. Kindness
- D. Slander

18. True or False (v.21)

_____ Paul feared that some had not repented of their sins.

19. Fill in the Blank (v.21)

Paul mentioned impurity, sexual sin, and _____.

20. Multiple Choice

The main theme of 2 Corinthians 12 is:

- A. God's strength is perfected in weakness
- B. Wealth proves faithfulness
- C. Christians avoid suffering
- D. Miracles are the goal

Memory Verse

2 Corinthians 12:9 (NIV)

"But he said to me, 'My grace is sufficient for you, for my power is made perfect in weakness.' Therefore I will boast all the more gladly about my weaknesses, so that Christ's power may rest on me."

Key Takeaway

God does not always remove our struggles, but He promises His grace is sufficient. His strength is displayed most clearly when we depend on Him in our weakness.

2 Corinthians 1-13 (NIV) Review

Name: _____ Date: _____

CHAPTER 1 — COMFORT IN AFFLICTION

1. [Multiple Choice] (1:3)

According to 2 Corinthians 1:3, God is described as the Father of compassion and the God of all _____.

- A. Grace
- B. Comfort
- C. Peace
- D. Mercy

Answer: _____

2. [True / False] (1:20)

In 2 Corinthians 1:20, Paul states that no matter how many promises God has made, they are 'Yes' in Christ.

☐ TRUE ☐ FALSE

CHAPTER 2 — FORGIVENESS AND VICTORY

3. [Multiple Choice] (2:11)

In 2 Corinthians 2:11, Paul warns that unforgiveness gives an advantage to _____.

- A. The flesh
- B. The world
- C. Satan
- D. Sin

Answer: _____

4. [True / False] (2:14)

Paul says in 2 Corinthians 2:14 that God always leads us as captives in Christ's triumphal procession and uses us to spread the aroma of the knowledge of Him everywhere.

☐ TRUE ☐ FALSE

CHAPTER 3 — MINISTERS OF THE NEW COVENANT

5. [True / False] (3:6)

According to 2 Corinthians 3:6, the letter kills but the Spirit gives life.

☐ TRUE ☐ FALSE

6. [Multiple Choice] (3:18)

According to 2 Corinthians 3:18, believers are being transformed into Christ's image with ever-increasing glory, which comes from _____.

- A. Prayer and fasting
- B. Good works
- C. The Lord who is the Spirit
- D. The reading of Scripture

Answer: _____

2 Corinthians 1-13 (NIV) Review

CHAPTER 4 — TREASURE IN JARS OF CLAY

7. [Multiple Choice] (4:7)

In 2 Corinthians 4:7, Paul says believers hold treasure in jars of clay to show that the all-surpassing power is from _____.

- A. Our faith
- B. God and not from us
- C. The Holy Spirit alone
- D. Our weakness

Answer: _____

8. [True / False] (4:17)

Paul says in 2 Corinthians 4:17 that our light and momentary troubles are achieving for us an eternal glory that outweighs them all.

- ☐ TRUE ☐ FALSE

CHAPTER 5 — THE MINISTRY OF RECONCILIATION

9. [True / False] (5:7)

According to 2 Corinthians 5:7, we live by sight and not by faith.

- ☐ TRUE ☐ FALSE

10. [Multiple Choice] (5:17)

In 2 Corinthians 5:17, anyone who is in Christ is described as _____.

- A. A child of God
- B. A servant of Christ
- C. A new creation
- D. A friend of God

Answer: _____

CHAPTER 6 — LIVING AS GOD'S SERVANTS

11. [Multiple Choice] (6:14)

In 2 Corinthians 6:14, Paul warns believers not to be yoked together with _____.

- A. False teachers
- B. Unbelievers
- C. The world
- D. The flesh

Answer: _____

12. [True / False] (6:1)

Paul says in 2 Corinthians 6:1 that he urges the Corinthians not to receive God's grace in vain.

- ☐ TRUE ☐ FALSE

2 Corinthians 1-13 (NIV) Review

CHAPTER 7 — GODLY SORROW

13. [Multiple Choice] (7:10)

In 2 Corinthians 7:10, godly sorrow brings _____, but worldly sorrow brings death.

- A. Peace
- B. Joy
- C. Repentance that leads to salvation
- D. Forgiveness

Answer: _____

14. [True / False] (7:16)

Paul closes 2 Corinthians 7 by expressing that he has complete confidence in the Corinthians.

- ☐ TRUE ☐ FALSE

CHAPTER 8 — THE GRACE OF GIVING

15. [Multiple Choice] (8:9)

According to 2 Corinthians 8:9, Jesus became poor so that through His poverty we might become _____.

- A. Humble
- B. Grateful
- C. Generous
- D. Rich

Answer: _____

16. [True / False] (8:3)

Paul says in 2 Corinthians 8:3 that the Macedonian churches gave only as much as they were able — nothing beyond their ability.

- ☐ TRUE ☐ FALSE

CHAPTER 9 — THE CHEERFUL GIVER

17. [Multiple Choice] (9:7)

According to 2 Corinthians 9:7, what kind of giver does God love?

- A. A faithful giver
- B. A generous giver
- C. A cheerful giver
- D. A consistent giver

Answer: _____

18. [True / False] (9:15)

Paul closes 2 Corinthians 9 with the exclamation: 'Thanks be to God for His indescribable gift!'

- ☐ TRUE ☐ FALSE

2 Corinthians 1-13 (NIV) Review

CHAPTER 10 — PAUL'S DEFENSE OF HIS MINISTRY

19. [Multiple Choice] (10:5)

In 2 Corinthians 10:5, Paul says believers take captive every _____ to make it obedient to Christ.

- A. Sinful desire
- B. Thought
- C. Word
- D. Action

Answer: _____

20. [True / False] (10:17)

Paul says in 2 Corinthians 10:17 that the one who boasts should boast in the Lord.

- ☐ TRUE ☐ FALSE

CHAPTER 11 — PAUL AND THE FALSE APOSTLES

21. [Multiple Choice] (11:14)

In 2 Corinthians 11:14, Paul warns that Satan himself masquerades as _____.

- A. A mighty warrior
- B. A false prophet
- C. An angel of light
- D. A humble servant

Answer: _____

22. [True / False] (11:30)

In 2 Corinthians 11, Paul boasts about his many successes and church plants.

- ☐ TRUE ☐ FALSE

CHAPTER 12 — PAUL'S THORN IN THE FLESH

23. [True / False] (12:8-9)

God removed Paul's thorn in the flesh after Paul prayed three times.

- ☐ TRUE ☐ FALSE

24. [Multiple Choice] (12:9)

In 2 Corinthians 12:9, God tells Paul that His power is made perfect in _____.

- A. Faith
- B. Prayer
- C. Suffering
- D. Weakness

Answer: _____

CHAPTER 13 — FINAL WARNINGS AND GREETINGS

25. [Multiple Choice] (13:5)

In 2 Corinthians 13:5, Paul urges the Corinthians to _____.

- A. Pray without ceasing
- B. Give generously
- C. Examine themselves to see whether they are in the faith
- D. Forgive one another

Answer: _____
